

THE BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

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Price Two Cents

GREETED BY A GREAT CROWD

Former President Roosevelt Arrives at Khartum.

LOOKS PICTURE OF HEALTH

Joyous Reunion of the Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt and Their Children Held in the Station of the African City—Former Chief Executive Says He Has Before Him a Series of Harder Working Days Than Jungle Hunting.

Khartum, March 15.—Looking the picture of health and physical fitness Theodore Roosevelt came back from the long trip over which he had spent nearly a year in the pursuit of game. Thousands of persons had gathered here to see him, and they desisted from afar the familiar form and more familiar smile—made so even to those who had never before set eyes on the former president of the United States by the countless pictures of him which have recently been published.

Later in the day there was a joyous reunion of Colonel and Mrs. Roosevelt and their children, Kermit and Miss Ethel, in the north station of Khartum. A launch carrying the representatives of the governor general of Anglo-Egyptian Sudan, Major General Sir Francis Reginald Wingate, sirdar of the Egyptian army, met the steamer Dal up the river. On this small craft Colonel Roosevelt and the members of his party had voyaged for more than 1,300 miles from Gondokoro, in Uganda, where they embarked on Feb. 28. It was a wearisome trip, for there was little to be seen, and the latter part of the voyage was exceedingly uninteresting, the river sometimes being a mile and a half wide, with mud flats on either side, where only crocodiles abounded, and toward the end Colonel Roosevelt displayed considerable anxiety to be ashore.

The White Nile was more placid than the previous day, when a heavy northwest gale stirred up the water and threatened delay to the anxiously awaited steamer, and the sirdar's launch was able to proceed a long distance up the river, bearing the first official greeting to Khartum's distinguished guest. The sirdar's staff officers were taken aboard and when the steamer, with the American, British and Egyptian flags flying, arrived at Gordon's Tree they were seen surrounding the former president on the bridge. Colonel Roosevelt was attired in khaki uniform and wore a white helmet.

Answered Many Messages.

For several hours the Dal tied up opposite Gordon's tree, within sight of Khartum, and during that time Colonel Roosevelt occupied himself in answering hundreds of cablegrams and letters which had accumulated here. All observers remarked his fitness and energy, and among them were those who had noted in Colonel Roosevelt when he left New York a year ago the effects of the strain of a long and strenuous term in office. From these effects he has now completely recovered, and, although apparently the hardships which he underwent in the wilds of Africa have not reduced his flesh to any appreciable degree, he looks, to use his own words, able to "hit the line hard."

Although the former president has refused to grant an interview or give out a statement on public questions until he is in possession of the fullest information on all points, he realizes he says, that he has before him a series of harder working days than jungle hunting.

The steamer came up to the palace dock amid a continuous volleying of cheers. Colonel Roosevelt was warmly greeted by Major General Sir Rudolf Baron Slatin Pacha, Inspector General, and Major P. R. Phipps, the sirdar's private secretary. He and the other members of the party were conducted to the palace grounds, where the heads of the various governmental departments were introduced and tea was served.

After tea the colonel and his son crossed the river to the Khartum north station, where Mrs. Roosevelt and Miss Ethel arrived shortly afterward on an express. Arrangements had been made so that the meeting was in private, and the reunited family remained within the palace car for some time, coming forth laughing and happy. They returned together to the sirdar's palace.

Business Section Flooded.

Bismarck, N. D., March 15.—The steamer Expansion, the largest steamer on the Upper Missouri river, is a total wreck, two miles of the Northern Pacific main line has been washed away and the business section of Mandan, five miles west of here, is under water. These are a few of the results of the break up of the Missouri river in this section.

Tries to End His Life.

Duluth, March 15.—Leonard Graff, a comparative stranger in Hibbing, cut his throat with suicidal intent. It is said he cannot recover.

GIVES WARNING TO FARMERS

Agricultural Department Tells of New Potato Disease.

Washington, March 15.—The department of agriculture is making extraordinary efforts to warn the people of the United States against a new disease of the potato which has been spreading swiftly through the potato-growing areas of Europe. The warning is especially meant to be of the first importance to the great potato-producing sections about the Great Lakes.

The new affliction is known as the wart disease, also as "black scab," "canker" and "cauliflower." Big warty excrescences, sometimes as big as the tuber itself, appear upon the sides or ends of the potato. In an advanced stage of the disease the tubers are wholly covered with the growth and lose all resemblance of potatoes. When this fungus growth has utilized every particle of food stored in the potato it is reduced to a brownish-black soft mass, giving off a most unpleasant odor.

This last is the most dangerous stage of the disease, and if an attempt is made to harvest the crop, the potatoes break into pieces and the spores of the fungus inoculate the ground so thoroughly that it remains infected for years.

So far as is known, no other crop is liable to be attacked.

The department of agriculture says there is grave danger of importing the disease through the use of foreign seed potatoes.

TRADE WAR WITH CANADA

Republican Congressmen of the Northwest Fear One.

Washington, March 15.—Republican senators and representatives from the Northwest are very much concerned over the pending negotiations bearing on the future commercial relations between the United States and Canada. As things now stand President Taft may be compelled to apply the maximum rates on Canadian products entering American ports. If he does the prediction is made that a trade war will ensue between the two countries that may be far-reaching in its consequences economically, and possibly react politically on Republicans from the border states, whose trade relations with the dominion are most intimate.

This subject was taken up at the White House conference. President Taft discussed it with Secretary of State Knox and other officials of the state department, Senator Aldrich and Messrs. Emery, Reynolds and Sanders of the tariff board. At the conclusion of the conference it was announced that the president was still undecided as to what course he shall pursue.

High Water Evicts Settlers.

Williston, N. D., March 15.—With the ice moving in the Missouri river heavy damage has been done to the riprap work that has been carried on here. The framework of the proposed new dike at the head of the reversion was washed away, while on the flats above the city many of the settlers have been obliged to leave their homes on account of high water.

GRAIN AND PROVISION PRICES

Minneapolis Wheat.
Minneapolis, March 14.—Wheat—May, \$1.14½; July, \$1.14½; Sept., \$1.04½. On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.14½; No. 1½, \$1.15½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.14½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.07½; No. 4 Northern, \$1.07½; No. 5 Northern, \$1.07½.

St. Paul Live Stock.

St. Paul, March 14.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$6.75 to \$7.50; fair to good, \$5.00 to \$6.75; good to choice cows and heifers, \$4.50 to \$5.50; veals, \$5.50 to \$7.50. Hogs—\$10.35 to \$10.55. Sheep—Wethers, \$7.00 to \$7.75; yearlings, \$7.00 to \$8.25; spring lambs, \$8.00 to \$9.00.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, March 14.—Wheat—To arrive on track—No. 1 hard, \$1.16; No. 1 Northern, \$1.15½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.13½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.11½; No. 4 Northern, \$1.09½; No. 5 Northern, \$1.07½. Flax—On track, in store, to arrive and May, \$2.22; July, \$2.20; Sept., \$1.77½; Oct., \$1.69½.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, March 14.—Wheat—May, \$1.14½; July, \$1.08; Sept., \$1.05½; No. 1 hard, \$1.14½; No. 1½, \$1.15½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.13½; No. 3 Northern, \$1.11½; No. 4 Northern, \$1.09½; No. 5 Northern, \$1.07½. Corn—May, 65½c; July, 66c; Sept., 67½c to 67c. Oats—May, 45c; July, 43½c to 43c; Sept., 40c to 40½c. Pork—May, \$26.15; July, \$26.05. Butter—Creameries, 26 to 31c; dairies, 21 to 25c. Eggs—19 to 22c. Poultry—Turkeys, 16½c; chickens and springs, 15c.

Chicago Live Stock.

Chicago, March 14.—Cattle—Beefsteers, \$5.25 to \$8.40; Texas steers, \$4.75 to \$5.90; Western steers, \$4.80 to \$6.60; stockers and feeders, \$3.60 to \$6.25; cows and heifers, \$2.65 to \$6.60; calves \$7.50 to \$10.00. Hogs—Light, \$10.45 to \$10.85; mixed, \$10.50 to \$10.95; heavy, \$10.55 to \$10.95; rough, \$10.55 to \$10.70; good to choice heavy, \$10.70 to \$10.95; pigs, \$9.60 to \$10.45. Sheep—Native, \$5.00 to \$8.10; yearlings, \$7.85 to \$8.75; lambs, \$8.00 to \$9.60.

A Mean Suggestion.

"Papa, why do brides wear long veils?" "To conceal their satisfaction, I presume, my son."

GIFFORD PINCHOT.

Declines to Comment on Louis Hill's Statements.



PINCHOT RATHER RETICENT

Refuses to Comment on Louis Hill's Statements.

Washington, March 15.—Gifford Pinchot refused to make any comment on the interview of Louis Hill, made public at Los Angeles, in which Mr. Pinchot was characterized as an "impracticable faddist" and his ideas on conservation referred to as "asinine."

"Let Mr. Hill talk if he gets any pleasure out of it," said Mr. Pinchot. "It probably amuses him and does not hurt our cause. That is all I care to say about the Hill interview."

SAYS FARMERS HAVE FORMED GREAT TRUST

Minneapolis Man Blames Them for High Prices.

New York, March 15.—William C. Edgar, editor of the Northwestern Miller and the Bellman, in an interview asserting that the country is on the verge of a serious situation with respect to its grain supply, advocated the abolition of the 25-cent duty on Canadian wheat and said that the farmers are banded together in a trust of the greatest magnitude and influence which defies the Sherman law and all other laws relating to trusts.

"The mills out West are grinding along about the same as usual," said Mr. Edgar, "but the great proposition they are up against, as well as the whole country, is the question of raw material."

"They don't know how long it will be before they run short of something to grind."

"If we could get Canadian wheat across the border without that 25 cents duty which the tariff imposes the question would be solved."

"Unless we take the tariff off wheat and the American farmers will not raise any more than they do it will not be a great while before there is a serious shortage in our supply."

"The farmers in the United States have formed the most nearly absolute trust ever heard of, in defiance of all our laws against trusts."

"They hold their wheat until the market reaches a price they have fixed. They are still holding wheat now and may do so until another crop comes, though wheat is now abnormally high and flour is being made at a lower margin than ever before in the history of flour."

GOES TO PRISON FOR LIFE

Charles Moline Found Guilty of Murder.

Rugby, N. D., March 15.—The sensational Moline murder case came to an end when the jury after being out eight hours returned a verdict of murder in the first degree and sentenced Charles Moline to life imprisonment for murder of his father.

Although the defense made a strong plea of insanity, the jury evidently thought Moline was sane and the only question was as to the degree of murder.

Charles Moline during the ending of the trial certainly acted the part of an insane man. He sat the whole day stooped over, looking at the floor and did not at any time show any signs of breaking into tears. On the contrary he smiled at times and again laughed almost out loud when something rather amusing to a disinterested party was mentioned.

When the verdict of the jury was read he showed no emotion and acted in much the same way as he did during the rest of the day, standing with head bowed.

Pleads Guilty to Charge.

St. Paul, March 15.—Alfred L. May, for many years manager of the American Press Association, 41 East Third street, pleaded guilty in district court before Judge G. L. Bunn to a charge of grand larceny in the second degree in having appropriated \$31.05 of the funds of the association to his own use. Shortly after his arrest, Jan. 25 last, May entered a plea of not guilty which he withdrew.

MOVEMENT FOR PEACE STARTED

Company Official Confers With Leader of Strikers.

BROUGHT ABOUT BY BROKERS

Conference the Result of Outside Influences—No Plan of Settlement Discussed, but the Difficulty of Ending the Strike Was Gone Over—No Material Change in Situation.

Philadelphia, March 15.—The first step taken by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company toward settling the dispute with its striking employees, and incidentally the ending of the sympathetic strike which has now been in progress for ten days, was taken when President Kruger of the Rapid Transit company conferred with W. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees. This conference was the result of outside influences and it is the first time officials of the company have dealt directly with any national officer of the street carmen's union.

The conference was held in the office of George H. Earle, one of the representatives of the city on the transit company's board of directors. Mr. Earle and a sub-committee of the general committee in charge of the general sympathetic strike were also present.

The sub-committee consisted of William J. Tracy, vice chairman of the committee of ten; Charles Leps, secretary of the committee, and Frank McCusker, a member of the committee and general organizer of the textile trades.

They met Mr. Earle at the request of Edward L. Welsh, a member of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, after he had procured a letter from Mr. Earle stating the latter's willingness to discuss the situation.

No Immediate Settlement.

When the conference was ended Mr. Earle said no plan of settlement was discussed, even tentatively, but the difficulty of a settlement was gone over. He and Mr. Kruger said the company wanted to safeguard its loyal men and that there seemed to be too many men for the positions that were vacant.

Mr. Earle insisted that no immediate settlement was in sight and that no change in the situation had been made.

After the labor leaders had left for their headquarters a meeting of the board of directors in the Philadelphia Rapid Transit company was hastily called in the company's office.

The willingness of the transit officials to open negotiations with the street car men was said to have been the result of a position taken by members of the stock exchange, who, it is said, have been supporting the stock of the company. The brokers are reported to have stated that if the strike was not ended before next Wednesday no further support would be given the stock.

There were few breaks in the ranks of the general strikers and more industries continued to be tied up than was anticipated by the employers and the general public.

The brewery workers, who have not yet joined the strike, held a meeting and were urged to join the movement.

ARGUES OIL TRUST CASE

John G. Milburn Presents it to Supreme Court.

Washington, March 15.—The final fight for the dissolution of the Standard Oil company began before the supreme court of the United States when John G. Milburn of New York spoke for three hours in its defense.

The hearing of the suit against the Standard Oil attracted to the courtroom lawyers and spectators from all sections of the country. Members of both houses of congress forsook their respective chambers to hear what was to be said in the review of the decree of the circuit court of the United States for the Eastern district of Missouri dissolving the Standard Oil company of New Jersey as a conspiracy in restraint of trade and as a monopoly in violation of the Sherman anti-trust act.

The greater part of Mr. Milburn's address to the court consisted of a review of the growth of the Standard Oil, with the object of laying the foundation for the claim that the corporations entering into the reorganization of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey in 1899 were noncompetitive, because, for many years, they had been under a so called common ownership.

Will Not Attend St. Paul Meeting.

St. Paul, March 15.—Gifford Pinchot, chairman of the National Conservation association and former chief forester of the United States, will not deliver an address before the Minnesota conservation congress this week. Governor Eberhart received positive word from Mr. Pinchot that he cannot come.

Baldwin-Hyland Fight a Draw.

Kansas City, March 15.—"Fighting Dick" Hyland and Matty Baldwin battled ten rounds to a draw here.

WILLIAM D. MAHON.

Represented Strikers at a Conference in Philadelphia.



M. J. GORDON IS ACQUITTED

Charges of Embezzlement Not Proven by State.

Spokane, Wash., March 15.—Merritt J. Gordon, formerly of Aberdeen, S. D., ex-supreme court judge of Washington, after one of the most bitterly contested and blockaded legal battles in Washington, has been acquitted of charges of embezzlement from the Great Northern road, and James J. and Louis W. Hill and W. R. Berg, chief counsel for the Great Northern, may again enter Washington without service by a state subpoena.

A motion for acquittal based on the statement that the state had proven affirmatively the defendant was guilty of no crime whatever was granted by the court. The motion was put by Prosecuting Attorney Fred Pugh.

CONTENTION OF THE STATE IS UPHELD

Minnesota Gets Valuable Indian Swamp Lands.

St. Paul, March 15.—After a legal battle lasting six years, and in which two Minnesota senators, the late Governor Johnson, Attorney General Simpson and State Auditor Iverson fought the matter up to the highest courts, the auditor received word that 102,308.63 acres of Chippewa Indian swamp lands valued at from one to fifty million dollars belong to the state of Minnesota.

State Auditor Iverson received the document from the general land office at Washington announcing that the department of the interior has ruled that the lands are the state's property and the announcement caused great enthusiasm in the capital.

The receipt of the document at this time followed the arrival in Washington of Attorney General Simpson, who gave the matter his special attention last week. The fight for these lands was commenced Oct. 21, 1903, when the claim of the state was presented to the department of the interior, and Dec. 3 of that year Secretary Hitchcock approved the claim. This ruling was vigorously resisted by attorneys for the Indians and the matter was carried up to the department of justice at Washington.

Attorney General Moody sustained the state in its contention in June, 1906, but the Indians' attorneys carried the matter into the supreme court of the District of Columbia and from there it was appealed to the United States court of appeals, where the state won again.

As a result of a conference of state officials with Secretary Garfield the latter agreed to disregard all previous surveys and have an examination of the disputed territory made to determine which were swamp lands. The general land office had several surveying parties in the field for about a year, with the result that the original claim of the state was sustained.

WOMAN SLAIN BY A NEGRO

"Dago Mary" Murdered and Robbed of Her Wealth.

Kansas City, March 15.—"Dago Mary"—otherwise known as Mrs. Mary Albert, the grocer woman of Armourdale, Kan., who carried her money in her apron pocket and boasted to friends that she was not going to permit the banks to rob her, was murdered in her store by an unidentified negro.

It was Mary's eagerness to let people know that she did not trust banks that cost her life. The negro who killed her took the savings after cutting her throat with a razor. The specially built, large pocket in which Mary carried her wealth—which amounted to more than a thousand dollars, it is said—was ripped from the apron.

Child Commits Suicide.

Calumet, Mich., March 15.—The five-year-old son of Joseph Sandretto of Ahmeek committed suicide by shooting himself in the heart with a revolver.

THOUSANDS TO GO ON STRIKE

BILLIARDIST'S GREAT NERVE.

Win Game or Lose Life, Threat Made to the Late Jake Schaefer.

Jake Schaefer, the billiard wizard of a few years ago, who recently died at Denver, always played a better uphill game than when he was out in the lead. One incident will illustrate this and show his wonderful nerve. It was in a game Jake played and won in Eureka, Nev., under circumstances that would put a player with less nerve clear out of the game.

He was matched with Tony Kraker, a well known billiardist and afterward a resident of Los Angeles. This was in 1875. Kraker was, of course, a much inferior player, and a newspaper man named Chantz, who knew this, posted some of his winning friends about it. They were the typical miners of the day, a rough and ready lot and ready to bet freely. They covered every dollar put up by Kraker's friends, who were mostly gamblers.

Bill Meelick, a big, burly miner, was selected as one of the three judges and the game was on. The miners were much elated as they saw Schaefer forge slowly to the front. But Schaefer began to lose some of his accuracy after passing the 300 mark, and Kraker took the lead. The game was 500 points, and Schaefer had 310. The judges were called on to see that the miners got fair play, and the suspicion was aroused that Schaefer had been bought off to lose. Bill Meelick was equal to the emergency. He whipped out his big six shooter and spoke these cheerful and reassuring words to Schaefer: "Youngster, you have the balls in a good position, and if there's any more monkey work I'll blow the top of your head off. You win this game."

He looked as if he meant it, and Jake got busy. It was a squally period, as the room was full of men representing opposing factions. A shooting scrape was in the air, and it all depended on Jake's accuracy of play. Any other man would have collapsed under the strain, but steadily he continued and never missed until the game ran out, a run of 100 points. He was all in at the finish.

Jacob Schaefer was born of German parentage on Feb. 2, 1855, at Milwaukee, Wis., and when only a youngster attracted attention when playing in his father's billiard room. He quickly jumped into the limelight of the billiard world. He earned for himself when quite young the title of "the wizard," and it clung to him through the remainder of his career.

FOR MEMORIAL TO HOWE.

First Woman to Stitch on Sewing Machine Tells About It.

Mrs. George L. Lilley, widow of the former governor and congressman from Connecticut, is planning a memorial to Elias Howe, inventor of the sewing machine, to be erected in New Hartford, Conn.

Miss Elizabeth M. Kilbourne, who is now in her eightieth year, was the first woman to take stitches on a sewing machine. She was living in New Hartford when Howe had a workshop on the present site of the New Hartford hotel and remembers calling on him after school and of his telling her that he had succeeded in making a few stitches.

"He asked me to try it," said Miss Kilbourne, "and I did. When I had taken a number of stitches he remarked, 'You are the first girl who ever took a stitch on a sewing machine.'"

Mrs. Lilley is a distant relative of Howe.

NO HATS AT TAFT DINNER.

Woman's Headgear Forbidden at Chicago Banquet on March 17.

Women guests will not be allowed to wear their hats at the banquet to be given President Taft on March 17 by the Irish Fellowship club, according to the mandate of the committee in charge of the affair.

"I can imagine how a woman feels who has bought a \$150 hat to wear on such an occasion," said James O'Shaughnessy, chairman of the committee. "It was hard for us to bring ourselves to issue the edict, but it had to be done."

"There is only a limited amount of space in any hall. We figured it up mathematically that one woman's hat takes up the space of two and one-fourth persons. There would not be room for the waiters to get around."

Monument Over Battleship Maine.

Believing that the wreck of the United States battleship Maine is in itself the greatest monument which could be erected in memory of the sailors who went down with her, Verplanck Colvin of Albany, N. Y., has written a letter to Admiral Charles D. Sigsbee of the navy department advocating that a rubble stone breakwater be constructed to inclose the spot where the ship lies and that an obelisk be erected in the center bearing the records of the history of the event and the names of those who were killed there.

Thousands of Sheep Drowned.

Butte, Mont., March 1.—The breaking up of an ice gorge in Sage creek in Fergus county drowned the entire band of thousands of sheep belonging to Charles Beck.

Firemen on Western Railroads Will Be Called Out.

FROM CHICAGO TO THE COAST

Every Railroad Will Be Affected by the Movement—Estimated That Fully Twenty-five Thousand Men Will Quit Work and Thousands of Others Will Be Thrown Out of Employment.

Chicago, March 15.—W. S. Carter, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, announced that a strike of 25,000 firemen on practically all the Western railroads had been called.

Mr. Carter said the decision to strike had been reached at a meeting of forty-three members of the Western federated board of the brotherhood, each member representing a Western railroad.

The exact hour at which the men are to walk out, he said, soon would be decided upon and every member of the union between Chicago and the Pacific coast would then be informed by telegraph when to quit work.

"The strike has been called—that much is certain," said Mr. Carter. "It means that not only 25,000 firemen, members of our union, will go out, but perhaps that many more employees will be thrown out in consequence. We gave our ultimatum to the railroads that the men had voted to strike and we were prepared to call one unless we were granted an arbitration of all questions in dispute. The railroads refused to arbitrate anything but the wage question."

Further Parleying Useless.

"We decided it was useless to further parley with the railroad managers. We adopted a resolution calling a strike. Owing to the lateness of the hour and in order that the men would not go out in confusion, and not knowing the true state of affairs, we agreed to wait for a while before telegraphing the order."

"The men will quit work within twenty-four hours after the order is issued."

The controversy which has been under discussion for more than six weeks involves forty-seven railways, operating west, northwest and southwest of Chicago, and embraces about 150,000 miles of railroads.

It has previously been stated by both sides that if a strike were called it would tie up practically every freight and passenger train between Chicago and the Pacific coast.

The railroads have issued a statement declaring that to prevent a strike they would, if necessary, appeal to the authorities at Washington.

The railroad managers' committee, composed of ten of the general managers of Western railroads and headed by W. C. Nixon, general manager of the St. Louis and San Francisco railroad, already had agreed to submit the wage question to arbitration under the Erdman act, but had declined to arbitrate the other two points on the ground they were matters of official authority and discipline and could not be arbitrated.

Strike Would Be Inevitable.

To this attitude the union officials on Sunday sent what they called an "ultimatum," declaring that if all three points were not submitted to settlement by arbitration, a strike would be inevitable.

The railroads informed Mr. Carter that notwithstanding the strike possibility they were determined to stand "pat" on refusing to arbitrate anything but the wage question. They announced that if all the wage demand was granted, other railroad unions would soon after demand a similar increase and that this would virtually bankrupt the roads.

"We have figured it out and it would mean a deficit of more than 4 per cent per annum to every road granting the increase," said O. L. Dickeson, assistant to the president of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road. "An arbitration board could easily be convinced of this fact. Still we were willing to submit the wage controversy to mediation, but not the other questions, which clearly concern efficiency and authority."

According to Mr. Dickeson, a strike on the roads involved would have the following result:

Number of railroads temporarily tied up, 47; miles of railroad, 150,000; firemen out of employment, 25,000; other employees temporarily thrown out, 125,000.

Territory involved, the entire country west of a line drawn from Chicago to New Orleans.

Will Not Regulate Hatpins.

Chicago, March 15.—The city council of Chicago decided, at least for the present, that it would be inexpedient to attempt to regulate the length of women's hatpins by law.

The Other Way.

Maude—So Jack is engaged, is he? And is Luella to be? Irene—Yes, I tried to be.

FINE PROGRAM IS PREPARED

St. Patrick's Day Entertainment Will
be a Very Interesting Affair
This Year

J. J. REGAN TO BE THE SPEAKER

Operetta "An Irish May Day" Will be
Put on by Children of St.
Francis School

The program for the annual St. Patrick's Day entertainment, given by St. Francis Catholic church at the opera house, Thursday evening has been fully prepared.

J. J. Regan, national vice president of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, who is to be the principal speaker of the evening, is no stranger to Brainerd Hybernians having been one of the speakers at the Emmet Memorial banquet given at the Ransford hotel some years ago. He is a most eloquent speaker and one whom all will enjoy hearing. The following is the program for the evening:

Vocal—Killarney, arr. Rhys. Herbert
Senior pupils of St. Francis school
Irish Jig—

Master John Mooney and Miss Agnes Jaeger.

Violins—Irish Airs—selected
Masters Lamont Koop, Louis Imgrund and Joseph Maguire.

Vocal Solo—

(a) "The hat my father wore on St. Patrick's Day."

(b) "There is a lady in Killarney awaiting for me."

Mr. A. J. Mraz

OPERETTA

"An Irish May Day" by J. Seymour

Dramatis Personae

Mrs. Carew—Miss Patti Hamline

Mary, daughter—Miss Ida Jaeger

Nora, daughter—Miss Margaret Brady

Sheela, pet of the house—Ruth Wilson

Daisy—Miss Mary Vogel

Bridge—Miss Rose Scallen

Maurice, son of Mrs. Carew—Master W. Koop

Gerald, son of Mrs. Carew—Master John Vogel

Captain Miles Fitzgerald—Philip Scallen

Companions of the Children—Misses

Ellen McGill, Mary Taylor, Evelyn Mraz, Kathleen Caulfield, Agnes

Doherty, Bertha Schellhorn, Clara

Rappel, Agnes Cullen, Lizzie Pfeiffer,

Gertrude Smith, Alma Kaupp,

Jennie Clark; Masters Leo Quinn,

Harold Bresson, Fred Taylor, Raymond

Cleary, Clement Ryan and John Vogel.

Oration—

Hon. J. J. Regan, St. Paul, Minn.

National Vice President of the A. O. H. of America.

Music by Graham's Orchestra.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas

County—ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is

senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, county and state aforesaid, and

that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and

every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation. Sold by all druggists, 75c.

Seven Reasons Why You Should Use Brown's Spring Water

1. Because, it is the only pure running water offered for sale.

2. Because, it has no chance for contamination.

3. Because it is handled in a perfectly sanitary way.

4. Because there has been no typhoid fever among exclusive spring water users.

5. Because, it does not have to be boiled.

6. Because, it is tasteless and agrees with the most delicate stomachs.

7. Because, it is giving better satisfaction now than in years before.

There are more people using Brown's Spring Water now than ever before.

You are invited to visit the spring and see for yourself.

J. M. HAYES,

Phone 146J4

LABEL LEAGUE MEETING

Listened to Report of Delegates to State Meeting and Did Other Business

The Women's Union Label League met Monday night and listened to the report of Mrs. Fanny Forsberg and Mrs. Emma Betts, who were delegates to the convention of the league held in Minneapolis on March 1st. They reported a very large and enthusiastic convention. The league also elected Mrs. Esther Dillen as secretary to succeed Miss Helen Taylor, who has gone to Emily to teach, and Miss Minnie Schwartzkopf as doorkeeper to succeed James Mahoney, who has gone to International Falls to take charge of a clothing store.

Don't Get Run Down
Weak and miserable. If you have Kidney or Bladder trouble, dull head pains, dizziness, nervousness, pains in the back and feel tired all over, get a package of Mother Gray's Australian-Leaf, the pleasant herb cure. It never fails. We have many testimonials from grateful people who have used this wonderful remedy. As a regulator it has no equal. Ask for Mother Gray's Australian-Leaf at druggists or sent by mail for 50 cts. Sample FREE. Address: The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y.

D. M. SMILEY INJURED

Well Known Carpenter Broke Wrist
by Fall from Scaffold in the
Grand Theatre

D. W. Smiley, the well known carpenter, fell from a scaffolding in the new Grand Theatre, which he was helping to remodel, shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and broke his left arm at the wrist. It so happened that every doctor in the city was out of his office at the time and some few minutes elapsed before one could be secured. Drs. Camp and Batcheller arrived about the same time and reduced the fracture and Mr. Smiley was removed to his home in East Brainerd.

MINNESOTA S. S. ASSOCIATION

Fifty-Second Annual Convention to
be Held in Minneapolis on
April 12 and 14

300,000 scholars, 40,000 officers and 2,000 preachers of all denominations are interested in the great Sunday school convention. It will be the greatest gathering of the Sunday school hosts of Minnesota ever assembled anywhere in the northwest. More than 2,000 delegates will be there. The greatest world specialists in Sunday school work will be there. All the great leaders in Sunday school work of all denominations in our own state are coming. Many of them will be on the program.

Hon. Adolph O. Eberhart, governor of Minnesota; Rev. F. B. Meyer, D. D., London, England, president of the World's Sunday School association; Marion Lawrence, Chicago, general secretary International S. S. Association; Prof. E. O. Excell, Chicago, Master Leader of convention music; W. A. Brown, Chicago, superintendent missions of Int. S. S. Ass'n.; Mrs. H. M. Leyda, Chicago, superintendent elementary work Illinois S. S. Ass'n.; Rev. W. B. Riley, D. D., pastor 1st Baptist church, Minneapolis; Rev. S. M. Dick, D. D., pastor Wesley M. E. church, Minneapolis; Rev. J. E. Freeman, rector St. Mark's Episcopal church, Minneapolis; Prof. Geo. W. Davis, Macalester College, St. Paul and many others.

Every county Sunday school association should send a full delegation. All district officers, pastors and superintendents are delegates by virtue of their official positions. In addition every school is entitled to one delegate to every 50 scholars or fraction thereof. Every county in the state will be represented. Every Sunday school in this county should be represented by delegates. Elect your delegates next Sunday.

For St. Patrick's Entertainment

Tickets will go on sale on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock sharp. As soon as the store is opened in the morning, about 7 or 7:30 o'clock, numbers will be given out, commencing with No. 1. Be present when your number is called at 10 o'clock to reserve your seat.

FRANK G. HALL,
Manager.

FORM, HOME AND GARDEN

Poultry Notes

Commercial Poultry says: "A good grain ration for the laying stock is composed of wheat, buckwheat, oats and corn, the wheat predominating. Too much corn is not good for laying hens, but a little fed with other grains is beneficial. Add to this grain ration a daily allowance of vegetable food, cut clover and a little green cut bone two or three times a week and you will have an almost perfectly balanced ration for the laying hens."

"Draughts of cold air coming upon fowls in a warm coop will almost surely give them colds which may in turn run into roup, and this last named disease is a veritable pest when once it gets a good hold in a flock. The best way to prevent such a calamity is to have coops tight and snug before rough weather sets in. See that the doors and windows fit well, all broken glass repaired or replaced by new ones, all holes in roof and sides closed and everything made as good as possible."

"A very prosperous poultry raiser of my acquaintance was laughed at a few years ago by his neighbors for paying what they considered a big price for a small start of pure-bred chickens. But he and his wife were not afraid of neighborhood opinion and went ahead, gradually enlarging the business. Now they are making twice as much money with hens as any of the neighbors. It would certainly be a fine thing if more of us had the courage to rise above neighborhood notions. Neighborhood ideas ought not to stand in the way of needed improvement, but how often they do."

How Good News Spreads

"I am 70 years old and travel most of the time," writes B. F. Tolson, of Elizabethtown, Ky. "Everywhere I go I recommend Electric Bitters, because I owe my excellent health and vitality to them. They effect a cure every time." They never fail to tone the stomach, regulate the kidneys and bowels, stimulate the liver, invigorate the nerves and purify the blood. They work wonders for weak run-down men and women, restoring strength, vigor and health that's a daily joy. Try them. Only 50c, satisfaction is positively guaranteed by all druggists. tss

CUYUNA RANGE IS ESTABLISHED

New Range is Now Recognized as
One of "The Ranges" in
News Tribune

MUTCH TALKED OF IN THE EAST

Thos. S. McClure Says He Was Be-
sieved with Inquiries About
Range in Pittsburg

The Cuyuna iron range has been officially recognized at last so to speak. The Duluth News-Tribune now places telegrams from Deerwood among its news under the heading "From the Iron Ranges." Brainerd news should also be included under that head, even though it is so important a point as a railroad center. The recognition of the Cuyuna range as an actual reality, rather than a prospecting proposition, is in itself a distinct advancement and marks another mile post in the progress of Crow Wing county.

By the way, Crow Wing county and the Cuyuna iron range are much more talked about, and there is much more excitement over them in the east than there is here. T. S. McClure, of St. Cloud, was in Pittsburg, Pa., a few weeks ago. He registered from Brainerd, as he was there on business in connection with his holdings on the Cuyuna range. He states that as soon as his name and residence was seen on the hotel register he was sought out by man after man who besieged him with questions regarding the range and Crow Wing county. There is no question in his mind but what a growing interest will continue to be manifested in the development of this magnificent region.

Card of Thanks

We wish to thank the M. B. A. and other friends for kindness at the death of our wife and mother.

F. PERRON and DAUGHTER

Farm for Rent

My old farm near Dykeman P. O. for rent, on shares or cash rental. Farm all fenced and good buildings of all kinds. Will make very reasonable terms to reliable party.

JOHN L. SMITH,
538 Sec. Bank Bldg.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

Saved a Soldier's Life

Facing death from shot and shell in the civil war was more agreeable to J. A. Stone, of Kemp, Texas, than facing it from what doctors said was consumption. "I contracted a stubborn cold" he writes, "that developed a cough, that stuck to me in spite of all remedies for years. My weight ran down to 130 pounds. Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery which completely cured me. I now weigh 178 pounds." For coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, hemorrhage, hoarseness, croup, whooping cough, and lung trouble, its supreme. 50c, \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all druggists. tss

MUSIC AND DRAMA

Byron's Troubadours Made Good

The concert given at the opera house last night by Byron's Troubadours, under the auspices of the local Elks, was attended by a good sized audience and everyone expressed themselves as well pleased with the entertainment. The members of the troupe were musicians of a high order and their musical selections were unique and well executed. Taken altogether, few concerts of the kind in the city have made a better hit than did Byron's Troubadours.

Stubborn Mules

are liver and bowels sometimes; seem to balk without cause. Then there's trouble—loss of appetite—indigestion, nervousness, despondency, headache. But such troubles fly before Dr. King's New Life Pills, the world's best Stomach and Liver remedy. So easy. 25c at all druggists. tss

Almanacs.

It is still contended by many authorities that the almanac of 1457 was the first specimen of printing, and it has been variously credited to Gutenberg, Schaeffer and Pfister of Bamberg. Dr. Faustus, celebrated in legend, whose strange story has been immortalized by Marlowe and Goethe, was the accredited author of almanacs containing astrological signs (retained at the present day) and necromantic secrets.

Others are buying, why not you?

Our new Easter Suits. Secure first choice.

"MICHAEL'S"

"MICHAEL'S"

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

High School Gymnasium
The pupils of the schools of the city certainly need some physical exercise of some kind or another. After sitting in school for at least six hours a day a pupil would naturally feel sort of sleepy and lazy. If a gymnasium was put in he could work off this sleepiness and in consequence his work on the following day would be of a better grade. If a boy could work out in some such place as this it would prevent him from becoming, as it is often said of school boys, chicken muscled.

There is an admirable place in the third story of the Washington school which could easily and at no great cost be fitted up into a gymnasium. This would soon pay for itself, as then the boys would become interested in basket ball, from the money taken in at the games.

This need of a gymnasium is felt to a greater degree than the need of a course in manual training. Citizens of Brainerd, what do you prefer to have your children grow up to be strong and healthy men and women, or have them just learn to put on a storm door, storm window or such stuff. He can hire that done but it is impossible for him to gain health and strength except by vigorous exercise and now is the time to begin.

A. T. (parsing) "Boy is a singular thing; girls is active voice."
Miss Mower, who has been ill with pneumonia at St. Joseph's hospital, has been removed to her home. She will probably resume her school work next week.

Little Drops of Knowledge,
Little grains of sense,
Make Freshmen mighty Sophmores,
Not now, but sometime hence.

Teacher—"Name some book that you have read that lacks unity."
Freshie—"The dictionary."

Quotations—classy and classical:
The Freshman—"He was as fresh as the month of May."

The Sophmore—"God help you, Eliza, how thou art changed; thou art sophisticated."

The Junior—"No where so busy a man as he there was and yet he seemed busier than he was."

The Senior—"I am Sir Oracle, and when I open my lips, let no dog bark."

The Teacher—"The jests of a schoolmaster are coarse or thin; they do not tell out of school."

Hildegard Snyder visited the high school Friday afternoon.

The seniors are reading "Child Harold's Pilgrimage."

The students of the Duluth normal are having their Easter vacation this week.

A large crowd attended the debate held at the high school building and it was a decided success from every point of view. The decision was rendered in favor of the affirmative. The judges were Attorneys Ryan and Blewitt and H. I. Cohen. While the judges were preparing their decision the high school orchestra rendered a beautiful symphony. They certainly did credit to themselves, considering that they have only been organized for about four or five months.

The Lowell eighth grade literary society will debate on "Free Trade vs The Protective Tariff" at their next meeting.

Rev. Charles Fox Davis and Supt. J. A. Wilson have been welcome visitors of the society.

The second year English students are reading the Sir Roger de Coverly papers.

Teacher—"Distinguish between the ablative of agent and the ablative of means." F. Q.—"Well the ablative of agent is expressed by the dative."

Dog Latin—dogo, dogrere, pupsi, bitum.

Some Freshmen definitions—Dust, mud with the juice squeezed out; a fan, a thing to brush the warmth off; ice, water that stayed out too long in the cold and went to sleep.

Teacher—"What is a lion-hearted man?" Miss P.—"A man with a lion's heart."

If any bookkeeping students have trouble with their May trial balance, let G. M. do it.

Richard Johnson has dropped the hasta, hastal course and is studying zoology.

George Vogel has quit school for this year.

Someone ask J. J. what asbestos is made of.

Rev. Lowrie visited the school on Wednesday.

Honesty.
If honesty is the best policy in business it is also the best policy when one has done wrong and is confronted with the question whether he shall confess everything frankly or make excuses. A transparent excuse is worse than none at all.

AVE PLANNED ENTERTAINMENT

Committee Devises This Plan for
Raising Fund to Carry on
Health Crusade

Since the appointment of the health committee in January, its members have done what little they could to arouse public interest, through the assistance of the State Board of Health. Two lectures have been given—one by Mr. Easton on tuberculosis, and one by Dr. Hill on typhoid. Both lectures have been well attended, the one on typhoid fever being of especial interest owing to the prevalence of this disease in the city.

Dr. Beise, the health officer, reports sixty-eight cases of typhoid, but of these only eight are secondary, showing that great care is being taken to keep the infection from spreading. But, eternal vigilance is the price of health as well as liberty, perpetual warfare against disease is necessary and the most effective implement of this warfare must ever be a knowledge of what to do. It is desirable to have lectures on sanitation and other subjects and, if possible, a visiting nurse. The committee has no funds with which to provide these. The lectures already given were paid for by the state, while the incidental expenses have been met by a few of the physicians. But the responsibility rests on all alike, and that all may have the opportunity of assisting, the committee has planned an entertainment for the benefit of this work to be given Tuesday, March 29th. Particulars will be announced later.

An Awful Eruption

of a volcano excites brief interest, and your interest in skin eruptions will be as short, if you use Bucklin's Arnica Salve, their quickest cure. Even the worst boils, ulcers, or fever sores are soon healed by it. Best for burns, cuts, bruises, sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains and piles. It gives instant relief. 25c at all druggists. tssw

E.C.BANE'S

REAL ESTATE AGENCY

Our lists of houses and lots are narrowing down. If you want to sell your property list it with me as I am getting more customers than I can supply. I have a few deals that are good for a profit in the next sixty days.

HOUSES

A six room house on the corner of Tenth and Holly Sts., terms—\$850
Seven room house corner Juniper and Ninth St., terms—\$1400
Nine room house corner 9th and Holly St., \$600 cash, total—\$1800
Six room house and barn, 410 Pine St., terms—\$700
Nine room house, barn, two lots, terms, south 10th St.—\$1200

LOTS

Six lots corner Bluff and Fourth Sts., all paved—terms—\$1500
Three lots corner Tenth and Grove Sts., cash—\$325
Two lots corner Main and Second Sts., barn, walk, trees, easy terms—\$500

FARMS

The Geo. Sinclair farm, 160 acres fine clay land, big barn, house, milk house, well and wind mill, fenced, seventy acres plowed and meadow land. This is on the best road in Crow Wing county, terms, per acre \$23.

For this week only—One hundred and sixty acres in Maple Grove, fine meadow, good house, quick sale, per acre—terms—\$10.

Fifty acres in Sec. 5, T-134, R-27, good house—easy terms—\$850.

EXCHANGES

City Property for Farms, and Farms for City Property.
Some good farms to rent to reliable tenants.

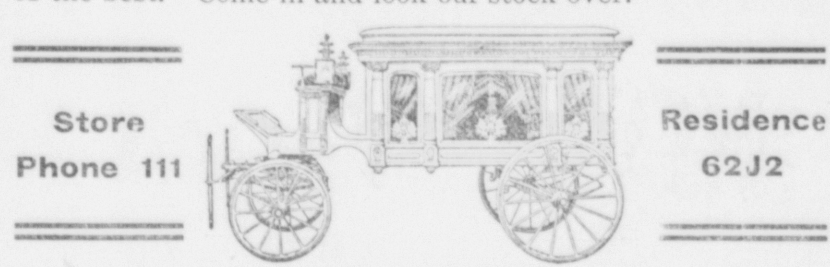
MINERAL LANDS

Mineral lands on the Cuyuna range. There are new lines of attraction being run out and discovered all the time. We have lands that show up good, for sale from \$10 to \$100 per acre. Now is the time to get in.

E. C. BANE'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY
ROOM 2 BANE BLOCK
Phone 248

McNAMARA & COMPANY

The complete line of furniture which we are now carrying will give you a good opportunity to get what you will be in need of. Our specialty of furnishing houses complete is one of the best. Come in and look over our stock.



Undertaking, Licensed Embalmers and Funeral Directors. All calls day or night promptly attended too, with our personal attention and lady assistant.

McNAMARA & CO.
Successors to
McNAMARA-FISHER CO.

Residence: Imperial Bldg. Flat 3

Brainerd, Minn.

CLEAN-UP SALE

The following goods in our Ware House before the fire, we will now sell at cost.

CONSISTING OF:

98 Heaters and Ranges, 22 Dining Tables,
215 Dining Chairs, 24 Kitchen and Breakfast Tables
50 Large Rocking Chairs, 23 Children Rockers
25 Iron Beds, 250 Mattresses in all Grades
68 Bed Springs, 14 Sanitary Couches.

Nails, 1 to 2 cents per pound
Rope 5 cents per pound
Stove Pipe 10 cents per joint
Also about \$1500.00 in miscellaneous Hardware and Tinware.

D. M. CLARK & CO

UNDERTAKERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS

508 Laurel Street

The Dispatch Want Ads Pay

WHITE BROS.

Hardware
Stoves and Ranges
Tin, Enamel and Plated Ware
Paints
Oils and Varnishes
Sporting Goods, Cutlery
Sleds and Skates

616 Laurel St. Brainerd, Minn.

Paints! Paints! Paints!



This is the time of the year when one begins to think about getting ready for summer. Everything is looked over to see what repairs and painting are needed. We carry a large stock of PAINTS, VARNISHES and WALL FINISH.

Come in and see what colors we have and what a large stock to select from.

SLIPP-GRUENHAGEN

PHONE 104

217-219 7TH STREET SO



NOW! Watch Her Face Change

Tomorrow the lady's countenance will change entirely. Watch for it.

Something has happened again.

But nothing dreadful this time.

She has solved the greatest baking problem of her life.

She has discovered the cause of her many failures — she knows why the biscuits were flat — the cake sad — the pies tough and unpalatable.

So she has good news for every woman who bakes.

Yesterday she baked again — she discarded the cheap, quantity kind entirely.

Now everything is lovely — she is happy and contented.

In our next announcement she will tell her complete story — watch for it.

It's the sweetest story ever told.

Ingredients of Ayer's Hair Vigor: Sulphur, Glycerin, Quinin, Sodium Chloride, Capsicum, Sage, Alcohol, Water, Perfumes.

Anything injurious here? Ask your doctor.
Anything of merit here? Ask your doctor.
Will it stop falling hair? Ask your doctor.
Will it destroy dandruff? Ask your doctor.

Does not Color the Hair

J. C. AYER COMPANY, Lowell, Mass.



WE ARE READY TO SHOW

you how it is cheaper to buy our high class building materials than it is to purchase the poorer kind. We can point to buildings built with our materials that never need repairs. We can point to some others that need repairs all the time. But they were not built of our materials. See where real cheapness lies?

JOHN LARSON

EMPLOYMENT

MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS

Able-bodied young men of steady habits can secure good permanent positions as motormen and conductors on the

Electric Street Car Lines

Operating in

Minneapolis and St. Paul

Pay \$60 to \$80 per month

and increasing each year

Healthy, interesting work that a man enjoys

Men wanting to apply for positions can meet MR. B. T. JAGER, Assistant Superintendent of Employment, as follows:

In Princeton,	at the Union office,	Monday, Mar. 14
In Milaca,	at the Times office,	Tuesday, Mar. 15
In St. Cloud,	at the Times office,	Wednes., Mar. 16
In Sauk Center,	at the Herald office,	Thursd'y, Mar. 17
In Little Falls,	at the Transcript office,	Friday, Mar. 18
In Brainerd,	at the Dispatch office,	Saturd'y, Mar. 19

Hours 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Here's Your Chance for a Good Position

Swede Breaks Running Records.

New York, March 15.—All indoor records were broken by Gustaf Ljungstrom, the Swede runner, from the twelfth to the twentieth and last mile in the professional race run at the Madison Square Garden. Ljungstrom's time for the twenty miles was 1:50:58.35, as against the previous record of 1:57:25.15, made by Jim Crowley of Ireland.

Hypatia.

Among the great scientists of the Alexandrian school, or, rather, mathematicians, were Pappus, one of the greatest of ancient mathematicians; Theon and his unfortunate daughter, the famous Hypatia—who appears to have been a better mathematician than her father—the story of whose life and tragic death is familiar through Kingsley's novels. Unfortunately none of her works is extant. She was the last of the Alexandrian philosophers who attained any fame. She lived about 415 A. D.

Negro Gets Life Sentence.

Kansas City, March 11.—William Jackson, the negro janitor charged with attacking six young white girls, was convicted and sentenced to ninety-nine years' imprisonment.

The Mosquito Hawk.

The head of the mosquito hawk will continue eating its victim when separated from the thorax.

BACKACHE MEANS DIRTY KIDNEYS

Just a Few Doses Will Clean and Regulate the Kidneys and Make You Feel Fine

BLADDER TROUBLE IS ENDED

Healy Kidney Action and no Lame Back or Urinary Misery For Readers of The Dispatch

No man or woman here whose kidneys are out-of-order, or who suffers from backache or bladder misery, can afford to leave Pape's Diuretic untreated. After taking several doses, all pains in the back, sides or loins, rheumatic twinges, nervousness, headache, sleeplessness, inflamed or swollen eyelids, dizziness, tired or worn-out feeling and other symptoms of clogged sluggish kidneys simply vanish.

The moment you suspect the slightest kidney or bladder disorder, or feel rheumatism pains, don't continue to be miserable or worried, but get a fifty-cent treatment of Pape's Diuretic from your druggist and start taking as directed, with the knowledge that there is no other medicine, at any price, made anywhere else in the world, which is so harmless or will effect so thorough and prompt a cure.

This unusual preparation goes direct to the out-of-order kidneys, bladder and urinary system, cleans, heals and strengthens these organs and glands, and completes the cure before you realize it.

A few days' treatment with Pape's Diuretic means a clean, active, healthy kidneys, bladder and urinary organs—and you feel fine.

Your physician, pharmacist, banker or any mercantile agency will tell you that Pape, Thompson & Pape, of Cincinnati, is a large and responsible medicine concern, thoroughly worthy of your confidence.

Accept only Pape's Diuretic—fifty-cent treatment—any drug store—anywhere in the world.

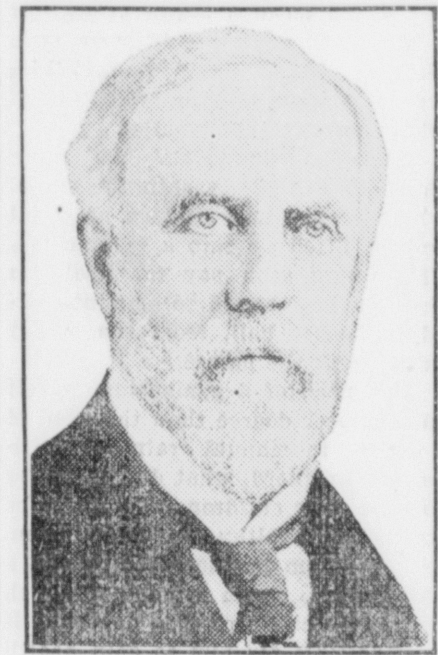
WHAT FARMERS SHOULD KNOW

Instructions Relative to the Taking of the Farm Census.

QUESTIONS SURE TO BE ASKED

By Preparing an Accurate Statement of Their Farm Operations and Making an Inventory of Their Possessions Farmers Will Speed the Work.

By preparing an accurate account of their farm operations during the year ended Dec. 31, 1909, and by making an inventory on April 15, 1910, of all their farm possessions the farmers of the country can render the census bureau and the public at large an inestimable service. It is not to be expected that farmers will ever keep as complete accounts as do manufacturers and merchants. The very nature of their occupation—the long hours and arduous labor of the summer months—are a partial bar to



LE GRAND POWERS, HEAD OF AGRICULTURAL DIVISION.

scientific bookkeeping. The fact that a large part of his daily bread is supplied from his own farm instead of being purchased out of cash on hand naturally causes the farmer to place an uncertain value on the products consumed in his home. Nevertheless a constantly increasing number of farmers are keeping accurate records of their daily receipts and expenses and of the exact quantities of all classes of products grown or raised.

In order that the great majority of farmers who do not ordinarily keep book records of their farm operations may be given an opportunity to familiarize themselves with the scope of the census to be taken this year an outline of the schedule is here presented. Every farm operator is strongly urged to study this outline carefully and to write down the answer to each question as soon as the necessary information becomes available. When completed the notebook should be laid aside for reference when the enumerator calls. Questions to be asked concerning farm property will be these:

First.—Total value of farm, with all buildings and improvements.

Second.—Value of buildings.

Third.—Value of all improvements and machinery, including tools, wagons, carriages, harnesses, etc., and all appliances and apparatus used in farming operations.

Fourth.—Number and value of domestic animals, classified as follows:

Cattle.—(a) Born before Jan. 1, 1909; Cows and heifers kept for milk, cows and heifers not kept for milk, steers and bulls kept for work.

(b) Born in 1909; Heifers, steers and bulls.

(c) Calves born in 1909.

Horses.—All horses born before Jan. 1, 1909; colts born after Jan. 1, 1909; colts born after Jan. 1, 1909.

Mules.—All mules born before Jan. 1, 1909; mule colts born after Jan. 1, 1909; mule colts born after Jan. 1, 1909.

Asses and burros, all ages.

Swine.—Hogs born before Jan. 1, 1909; pigs born after Jan. 1, 1909.

Sheep.—Ewes born before Jan. 1, 1909; rams and wethers born before Jan. 1, 1909; lambs born after Jan. 1, 1909.

Goats and kids, all ages.

Fifth.—Number and value of poultry over three months old: Chickens, ducks, geese, turkeys, guinea fowls, pigeons.

Sixth.—Number and value of swarms of bees.

The census will not ask the value of household goods nor that of hay, grain or other farm crops on hand on April 15. These items should be included, however, if all desiring a complete inventory of their farm property.

The Actual Value.

The value given to the farm should be as nearly as can be judged the amount that could be obtained for it if offered for sale under normal conditions. Current market prices should be carefully considered in estimating the value of live stock.

Although the census merely requires a statement of total value of all implements and machinery, it is believed that a classification of these items under the following four heads will be found valuable:

First.—Vehicles, comprising automobiles, wagons, carriages and sleighs and equipment used in connection with them, as harnesses, blankets, whips, etc.

Second.—Heavy farm implements, comprising all implements and machinery operated by any power other than hand power, as plows, harrows, rollers, rippers, mowers, hay loaders, feed grinders, etc.

Third.—Hand machinery and tools, including carpenter's tools, hoes, shovels, scythes, forks, grindstones, fanning mills, etc.

Fourth.—Miscellaneous articles, including kitchen equipment as kettles, tin cans, etc., not included in the first three classes.

Many farmers greatly underestimate the total value of their possessions of this character when considering them in the aggregate, and it is only by preparing an itemized list, as suggested above, that an accurate estimate of their worth can be made. The value assigned this class of property in the inventory should be the estimated amount it would bring at public auction under favorable conditions.

No special blanks or forms are necessary for preparing an inventory. An ordinary notebook answers all purposes, but it should be large enough to

admit of carrying the figures for at least five years in parallel columns. This facilitates comparison of the figures for different years. Some may find it more convenient or desirable to take stock on Jan. 1 than on April 15. It will be a simple matter to bring such an inventory up to date when the census enumerator calls.

As in the case of the farm inventory no special blanks are required for the record of farm products of 1909. An ordinary notebook with leaves at least six inches wide will be found convenient. The following information will be called for:

First.—Farm expenses in 1909: (a) Amount spent in cash for farm labor, exclusive of housework.

(b) Estimated value of house rent and board furnished farm laborers in addition to cash wages paid.

(c) Amount spent for hay, grain and other products (not raised on the farm) for feed of domestic animals and poultry.

(d) Amount spent for manure and other fertilizers.

Not Too Curious.

No inquiry is made regarding household or personal expenses or expenditures for repairs or improvements. Each of the four questions asked is of fundamental importance in its bearing on agriculture as an industry.

Second.—Live stock: (a) Number of young animals of each kind born on the farm in 1909.

(b) Number of animals of each kind purchased in 1909 and the amount paid. Number sold and amount received and number and value of those slaughtered on the farm.

Third.—Dairy products: (a) Quantities and value of milk, butter and cheese produced on the farm in 1909.

(b) Quantities of milk, butter, cream, butter fat and cheese sold in 1909 and amounts received.

Fourth.—Poultry and eggs: (a) Value of poultry of all kinds raised in 1909, whether sold, consumed or on hand.

(b) Amount received from poultry sold in 1909.

(c) Quantity and value of eggs produced in 1909.

(d) Quantity and value of eggs sold in 1909.

Fifth.—Wool and mohair: Number and total weight of fleeces shorn in 1909 and amount received from sales.

Sixth.—Crops: For each crop harvested on the farm in 1909 give the number of acres, the quantity produced and the value of the products. The number of acres of each crop to be planted for harvest in 1910 will also be called for by the enumerator. This cannot be determined much before the date of the enumeration. Instead of giving the number of acres in orchards and vineyards, give as nearly as possible the number of trees and vines of bearing age. The quantity of certain fruit products, as cider, vinegar, wine and dried fruits, produced in 1909 will be required, as will also the quantity and value of sugar, sirup and molasses produced from cane, sorghum, sugar beets and maple trees.

Seventh.—Sales of specified products in 1909: A considerable part of the annual production of corn, oats, barley, Kaffir corn, milo maize, hay, flax fiber and straw, other straw, cornstalks and cotton seed is usually consumed on the farm. Owing to this fact a report will be asked concerning the quantity of each of these products sold in 1909 and the amounts realized therefrom.

Eighth.—Forest products: The value of all forest products cut or produced in 1909 for farm consumption will be asked, as will also the value of similar products cut or produced for sale, including receipts from the sale of standing timber.

Ninth.—Irrigation: Farmers who irrigate their land will be asked to report the source from which water is obtained, the number of acres of pasture land irrigated and the total irrigated acreage.

This outline covers every important question that will be asked concerning



WILLIAM M. STEWART, HEAD OF MANUFACTURES DIVISION.

the farm products of 1909. American agriculture is so diversified and so highly specialized in many of its branches that any schedule designed to secure a fairly complete exhibit of its resources and operations must necessarily contain a large number of inquiries. The average farm operator will not be called upon to answer one-seventh of the printed questions; hence the somewhat formidable appearance of the schedule should occasion no alarm.

No one should attempt to complete a farm schedule in one evening, but the work should be divided as indicated in the above outline, one evening being given up to farm expenses, a second to live stock, a third to dairy products, and so on through the list. In this way each topic can be given the consideration it deserves, and the resulting figures are certain to be more accurate than if compiled hastily.

Clothes in Colonial Days.

When Salem was settled the Massachusetts Bay company furnished clothes for all the men who immigrated and settled in that town. Every man had four pairs of shoes, four pairs of stockings, a pair of Norwich garters, four shirts, two suits of doublets, a pair of hose of leather lined with oilskin, a woolen suit lined with leather, four bands, two handkerchiefs, a green cotton waistcoat, a leather belt, a woolen cap, a black hat, two red knit caps, two pairs of gloves, a cloak lined with cotton and an extra pair of breeches.

New Style of Aeroplane.

A. M. Herring and W. Starling Burgess launched the other day at Marblehead, Mass., a new heavier than air flying machine. Its first trip was said to be successful. It is an aeroplane, frankly intended to avoid the Wright patents. Instead of the balancing planes, over which the Wrights are suing, this machine has a leg of mutton arrangement on top of the plane. This is made to work automatically, so that as the machine swerves the fin will be buoyed up by the air and bring the mechanism back to a lateral balance.

NO CURE NO PAY
ARTICLE
1ST PER PAIR

ELECTROPODES
A NEW ELECTRIC TREATMENT

For Rheumatism

Electropodes—New Electric Treatment. Thin metal soles—copper and zinc—worn inside shoe. One is positive, the other negative. Your body the battery—your nerves the connecting wires. Every part of each organ is fed a continuous current of life-giving Electricity—all day long. Read the guarantee. Give Electropodes a chance to cure you. Price only \$1. If not at your druggist's, send us \$1. State whether for man or woman. We will see that you are supplied.

Western Electropode Co.
243 Los Angeles Street, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

Guarantee

A positive guarantee is signed with each sale. Your money will be returned if Electropodes fail to cure.

RECORD STOP WATCH.

Sensitive Mechanism Marks the Tenth of a Second.

A well known firm of watchmakers in Geneva, Switzerland, has recently constructed a stop watch which registers the tenth of seconds. Hitherto the smallest fraction of time registered by any timepiece has been the fifth of a second, and it was commonly thought that smaller divisions could not be marked owing to the excessive sensitive mechanism that would be required. The watch is fitted with the anchor escapement, and it can be controlled either by hand or by electricity. It has been thoroughly tested, and the experiments have shown that its registration is perfectly accurate.

Ballot Eight Feet Long.

The state secretary's office is beginning to prepare for the state election in South Dakota. The officials and clerks find that the ballot, set in brevity, will be ten inches wide and more than eight feet long. Such a ballot will be hard to issue and even harder to vote. If the use of the referendum continues to grow the ballot will become so cumbersome that many voters will refuse to take it from the judges, and the result is likely to be a light vote on the question of the adoption or rejection of laws.

The Last.

What race may reasonably be expected to be the last on earth? The Finnish.

Neuralgia In the Face

Long standing case completely cured by DR. A. W. CHASE'S NERVE PILLS

Headache and Neuralgia.

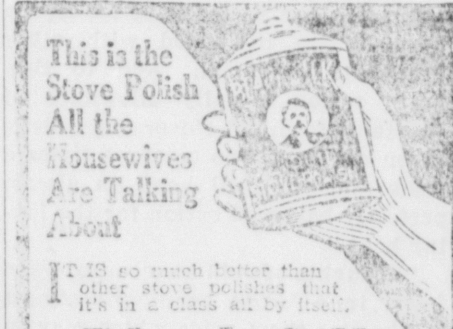
What hosts of people seek for cure of these ailments. And in vain.

Because they are misled by going after medicines which only relieve.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are not a relief for headaches and neuralgia, but they are a thorough cure in the only way these troubles can ever be really cured—by restoring the nervous system.

Mrs. E. Bridgen, 312 East Adams St., Syracuse, N. Y., states: "Until I used Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills I was never free from attacks of distressing neuralgia in cold months and suffered from a draft even in summer time. Other remedies relieved only, but these Nerve Pills stopped the attacks, due I believe to their building up power."

Neuralgia and nervous headaches are always an indication of exhausted nerves. Make the cure thorough by using Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills, 50 cts. at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase, Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., on every box.



Black Silk Stove Polish

Makes a brilliant, silky polish that does not rub off or dust off, and the shine lasts four times as long as ordinary stove polish.

Used on sample stoves and sold by hardware dealers.

All we ask is a trial. Use it on your cook stove, your parlor stove or your gas range. If you don't find it the best stove polish you ever used, your dealer is authorized to refund your money.

Insist on Black Silk Stove Polish. Don't accept substitutes.

Made in liquid or paste—one quality.

BLACK SILK STOVE POLISH WORKS
L. K. WYNN, Mfg. Co., Sterling, Illinois
The Black Silk Stove Polish is made from the finest materials and is the best in the world.

For Evening Hours The Rayo Lamp



Some of the sweetest hours of home-life are passed under the gentle, kindly light of the evening lamp.

If it be the Rayo Lamp, the light contributes an added charm—makes reading and sewing easy.

There are no aching eyes after reading or sewing under the rays of the Rayo Lamp.

The Rayo Lamp diffuses a steady white light. It is the least trying of any artificial light. Made of brass throughout—nickel-plated—improved central draught burner.

The Rayo is a low-price lamp, but you cannot get a better lamp at any price.

Once a Rayo user, always one. Every Dealer Everywhere. If Not at Yours, Write for Descriptive Circular to the Nearest Agency of the

STANDARD OIL COMPANY

(Incorporated)